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Awareness Lab SME (ALARM) Information Security https://alarm.wildau.biz/en

Sustainable Information Security Sensitization in SMEs: Designing Measures with Long-Term Effect

Prof. Margit Scholl, PhD



Gefördert durch:

Bundesministerium für Wirtschaft und Klimaschutz

aufgrund eines Beschlusses des Deutschen Bundestages

Outline



- 1. Background
- 2. The project "Awareness Lab SME (ALARM) Information Security"
- 3. Methodological approaches
- 4. Lessons learned
- 5. Outlook
- 6. Acknowledgements
- 7. References

1. Extensive Digitization as a Background



11th Allianz Risk Barometer 2022:

The current top three business risks globally are: cyber perils/attacks, business interruption, and natural disasters

Picture: Ministererklärung: G20 Digital Economy Ministerial Declaration - Shaping Digitalization for an Interconnected World, April 06 and 07, 2017 in Düsseldorf; b20-effective-g20.jpg; https://www.b20germany.org/documents/g20-b20-data/, last access: June 08, 2021.

2. The Project "ALARM Information Security"





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Exchanging experience Telling real stories Understanding Interacting Practicing Feeling empathy



3. Methodological Approaches: Study 1



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3. Methodological Approaches: Report 1





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3. Methodological Approaches: Analog





DIVERSITY & FLEXIBILITY

- 3 Iterations per game
- Reduceable to 15 min.
- Many tests in practice



Feedbacks used

Improvements



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3. Methodological Approaches: Awareness Trainings



I'm never in the home office. I clearly separate work and private life.





We receive inquiries from our bank about large transactions.

The know-how of our company is on the server...that's the gold





The speed scares me at my age.

3. Methodological Approaches: Digital





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3. Methodological Approaches: Digital





DIVERSITY & INDIVIDUALITY

- Different first-person perspectives: you are the hero of the immersive story
- Various issues in visual novel format
- Playable independently in any order



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3. Methodological Approaches: Digital





EACH LEARNING SCENARIO CONTAINS:

- 2–3 learning paths
- Differentiation
- 2–3 skills
- Same, well-known game characters
- Emotional design
- Points system with hints



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3. Methodological Approaches: On-site attacks



Ethical questions:

- Enlightenment
- Information as an aid and training
- Comprehend as promotion of a positive error culture
- Optimization of processes, procedures, responsibilities

EACH LEARNING SCENARIO CONTAINS:

- Must be done with extreme caution
- Agreed with the top manager
- Practice-oriented instructions and tips
- Low-threshold security concepts

The ethical principles also mean **no** personal

- exposure
- disturbances in the working atmosphere and of processes
- punitive measures

4. Lessons learned: Needs from report 1





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4. Lessons learned: Hypotheses about the training





 (H1) It is possible to enable authentic learning by tailoring profile groups to employees' everyday work and user behavior
 CONFIRMED
 ...but only in concepts of modules and "lighthouses"





4. Lessons learned: Analog learning scenarios (Study 2)







Kapitel	3.2.1	3.2.2	3.2.3	3.3.4	3.2.5	3.2.6
LS	Sicher zu-	Kundenda-	Die 5 Pha-	Mabile Kom-		Informa-
Spielprinzip	wohnen & arbeiten	managen in Cloud & Co.	sen des CEO Fraud	munikation, Apps & Co.	Cyber Pairs	tionsklas- sifizierung
richtig vs. falsch		x	x			
1:n- oder Prozess- Zuordnung	x		x	x	x	х
Zuordnen & Handeln (Wimmel- bildlogik)	x			x		
Schätzung und/oder Ranking		x	x			

Development Assistance Empower & Activate Reflected Enlightenment



4. Lessons learned: Analog learning scenarios (Study 2)



Lessons learned

- Our analog simulations are revitalizing awareness tools
- Communication made easy: "Home office," cyber pair, mobile communication & apps & co
- All scenarios work well to very well, but not equally well everywhere.



4. Lessons learned: Digital learning scenarios





4. Lessons learned: On-site attacks



Pros

- Improving awareness through announcement
- Concrete cognition after the evaluation
- Rated better than theoretical papers/ training (both by management and employees)

Cons

- Delays in completing surveys
- High organizational and communicative outlay
- Corrections in the processes cannot be checked (would require a repetition of the attacks)

4. Lessons learned: What and how do we measure?



- What do we need?
- What are we measuring?
- How can we measure what?
- What information do self-interviews provide?
- Do questionnaires and tests with knowledge surveys reflect reality?
- How can we infer awareness from understanding?
- How can we infer consciousness from a person's understanding or attitude?
- How can we infer actual behavior from the answers?



4. Lessons learned: Idea of model integration





4. Lessons learned: Measurements (ongoing research) **Information security in general** Mobile apps *Control group Test group 2 Test group 3* Test group 1 *Test group 4* Knowledge Knowledge Behavior • Attitude Attitude Behavior **Risk Perception** Organizational **Risk Perception** Organizational Possibilities (Impact) (Impact) Possibilities **Risk Perception Risk Perception** (Likelihood) (Likelihood)

5. Outlook









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IT-Sicherheit IN DER WIRTSCHAFT Thank you for attention & listening!

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